

Financial Reporting Mechanics

- 1. Business Activities
- 2. Accounts
 - 3. Accounting Process







Business Activities Operating

Operating

part of day-to-day business functioning



Shoe Retailer Operating Activities

- Sales to customers
- Costs of providing goods
- Income Tax Expenses
- Hold inventory
- Incur short-term liabilities



Business Activities

Investing

acquisition and disposal of long-term assets

vs Operating Activities
concerned with day-to-day
operations



Shoe Retailer Investing Activities

Purchase or sale of assets



Business Activities Investing

acquisition and disposal of long-term assets



Shoe Retailer Investing Activities

- Purchase or sale of assets
- Purchase or sale of equity or debt (of other firms)



Business Activities Financing

obtaining or repaying capital



Shoe Retailer Financing Activities

- Issue new stocks
- Issue bonds
- Stock repurchase
- Bond redemption
- Dividend payments



Creditors



Business Activities

Investing

Financing

- Operating
- Sales to customers
- Costs of providing goods
- Income Tax Expenses
- Hold inventory
- Incur short-term liabilities

- Purchase or sale of assets
- Purchase or sale of equity or debt (of other firms)
- Issue new stocks
- Issue bonds
- Stock repurchase
- Bond redemption
- Dividend payments

Financial Statement Elements

Assets

- Hold inventory
- Purchase or sale of assets
- Purchase or sale of equity or debt (of other firms)

Liabilities

- Incur short-term liabilities
- Issue bonds
- Bond redemption

Owners' Equity

- Issue new stocks
- Stock repurchase
- Dividend payments

Revenue

Sales to customers

Expenses

- Costs of providing goods
- Income Tax Expenses



Business and Accounting Process

1. Business Activities 2. Accounts 3. Accounting Process

Assets

- Cash and cash equivalents
- Accounts receivable "trade receivables"
- Prepaid expenses
- Inventory
- Property, plant and equipment
- Intangible assets (patents, trademarks, and goodwill)
- Financial assets (equities and bonds)
- Deferred tax assets
- Loans (for banks)

Liabilities

- Accounts payable
- Unearned revenue
- Short term notes
- Long term debt
- Income taxes payable
- Deferred tax liabilities

Owners' Equity

- · Capital
- Retained earnings
- Other comprehensive income

Revenue

- Sales
- Gains
- Investment income

Expenses

- Cost of goods sold
- Sales, general and admin expenses
- Depreciation and amortisation
- Tax expenses
- Interest expenses
- · Losses



Assets

- · Cash and cash equivalents
- Accounts receivable "trade receivables"
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- Inventory
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- Intangible assets (patents, trademarks, and goodwill)
- Financial assets (equities and bonds)
- Deferred tax assets
- Loans (for banks)

Liquid securities with maturities of 90 days or less

Sales made on credit

Unsold units of product on hand

Current Assets

expected to be consumed or converted into cash in the near future

Non-Current Assets

expected to benefit the company over an extended period of time



Business and Accounting Process

1. Business Activities 2. Accounts 3. Accounting Process

Liabilities

- Accounts payable
- Unearned revenue
- Short term notes
- Long term debt
- Income taxes payable
- Deferred tax liabilities

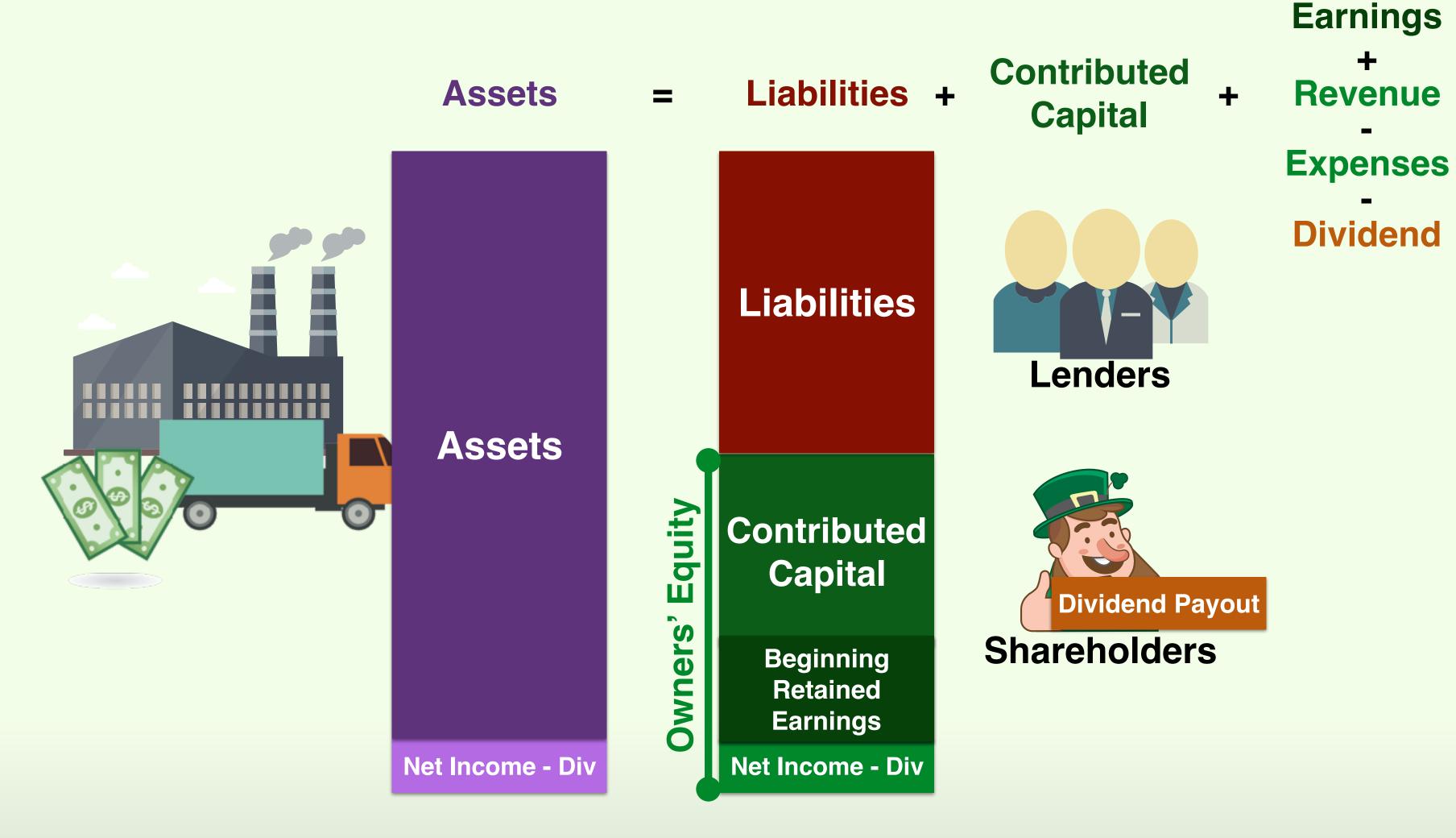
short term payments owed to other parties
e.g. subscriptions or membership fees that are paid upfront
debt which is to be repaid within the year
typically bonds issued
unpaid taxes that have been accrued in the past year
shall be discussed later



Accounting Equation

Owners' Equity

- · Capital
- Retained earnings
- Other comprehensive income



Beginning

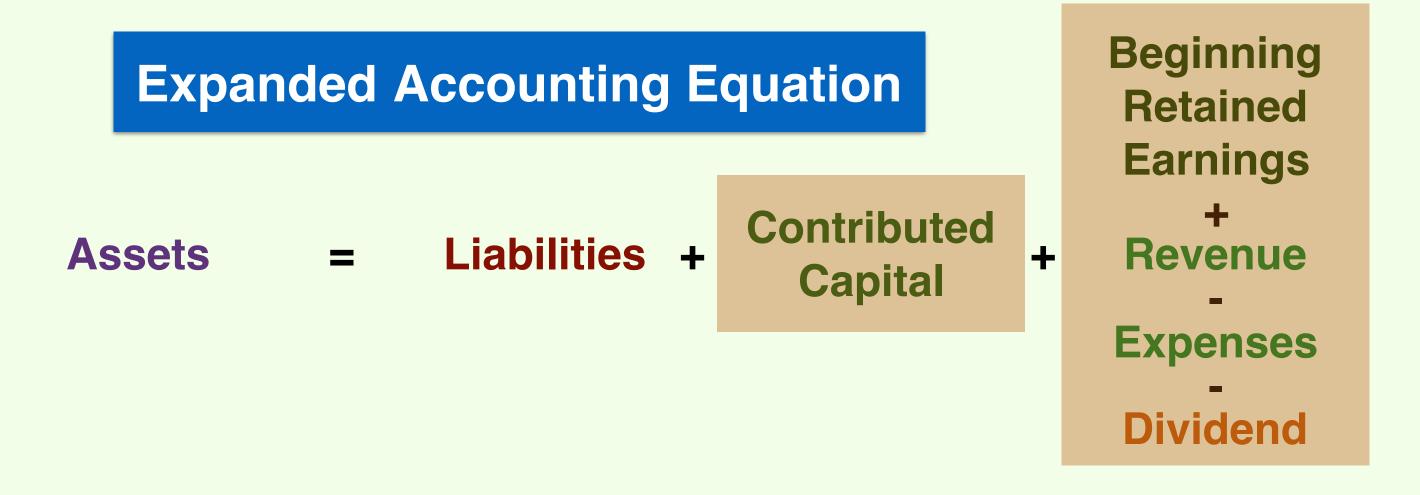
Retained



Owners' Equity

- · Capital
- Retained earnings
- Other comprehensive income

par value of common stock + additional paid-in capital cumulative net income that has not been distributed as dividends accounts for the changes in equity resulting from foreign currency translation, pension liability adjustments, and unrealised gains and losses on investments





Revenue

- · Sales
- · Gains
- Investment income

from day-to-day activities when asset valuations have increased interest and dividend income



Expenses

- Cost of goods sold
- Sales, general and admin expenses
- Depreciation and amortisation
- Tax expenses
- Interest expenses
- · Losses

assets are considered used up and has fallen in value

losses made when assets are sold



Accounting Equation

Assets

- Cash and cash equivalents
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- Financial assets (equities and bonds)
- Deferred tax assets
- Loans (for banks)

Contributed Capital
Retained Earnings

Liabilities

- Accounts payable
- **Unearned revenue**
- Short term notes
- Long term debt
- Income taxes payable
- Deferred tax liabilities

Owners' Equity

- · Capital
- Retained earnings
- Other comprehensive income

Revenue

- · Sales
- · Gains
- Investment income

Expenses

- Cost of goods sold
- Sales, general and admin expenses
- Depreciation and amortisation
- Tax expenses
- Interest expenses
- · Losses



Business and Accounting Process

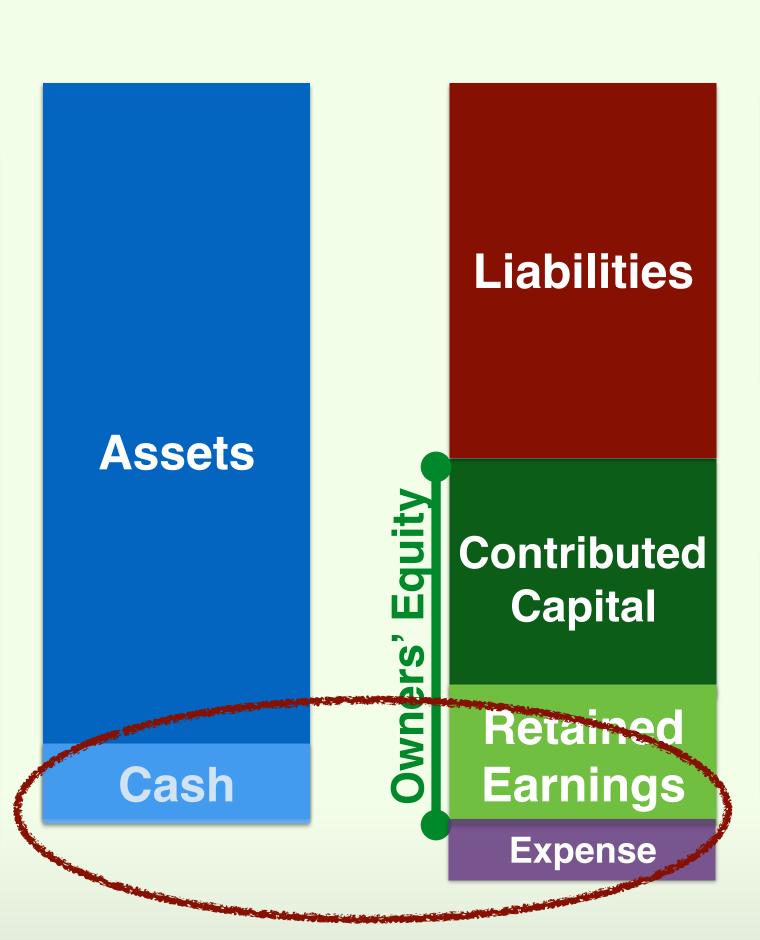
Assets

Double Accounting

Assets = Liabilities + Contributed Capital + Retained + Revenue - Expenses - Dividend Earnings

Assets

- Cash and cash equivalents
- Accounts receivable "trade receivables"
- Prepaid expenses
- Inventory
- Property, plant and equipment
- Intangible assets (patents, trademarks, and goodwill)
- Financial assets (equities and bonds)
- Deferred tax assets
- Loans (for banks)



Buy office supplies for \$1000 using cash.

Cash **\$1000**

Retained Earnings \$ \$1000

Deferred tax liabilities

Owners' Equity

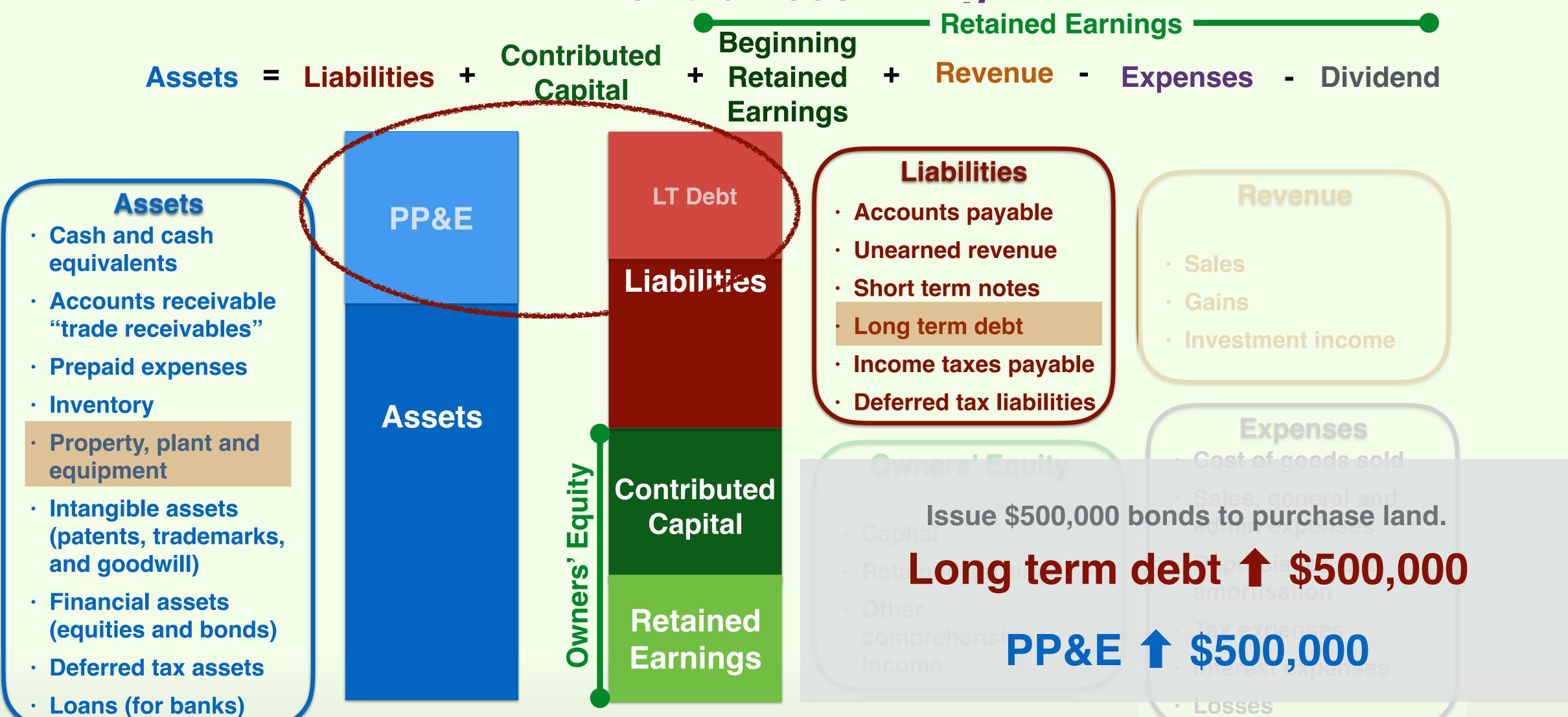
- · Capital
- Retained earnings
- Other comprehensive income

Expenses

- Cost of goods sold
- Sales, general and admin expenses
- Depreciation and amortisation
- Tax expenses
- Interest expenses
- Losses



Double Accounting





Double Accounting

Beginning Contributed Liabilities + Revenue -Expenses Assets = Retained - Dividend Capital **Earnings**

Assets

- Cash and cash equivalents
- Accounts receivable "trade receivables"
- **Prepaid expenses**
- Inventory
- **Property, plant and** equipment
- Intangible assets (patents, trademarks, and goodwill)
- **Financial assets** (equities and bonds)
- **Deferred tax assets**
- Loans (for banks)

Liabilities Assets Contributed Equity Capital Inventory Owners' Retained Cash **Earnings**

Buy inventory for \$100,000 using cash.

Retained Earnings

Cash \$100,000 Inventory **1** \$100,000

- · Unearned revenue
 - Sell the inventory for \$150,000 cash.
 - Inventory \$\ \$100,000 Cash \$\ \$150,000
- COGS 1 \$100,000 Revenue 1 \$150,000

Owners' Equity

- Capital
- Retained earnings
- Other comprehensive income

Expenses

- Cost of goods sold
- Sales, general and admin expenses
- **Depreciation and** amortisation
- Tax expenses
- Interest expenses
- Losses

